For more information about alligator management options, please contact Alicia Davis at (919) 707-4087 or alicia.davis@ncwildlife.org.

Public Education and Outreach Materials and Programs

Informational Documents Available Online and in Print

The following informational documents are available online at <u>www.ncwildlife.org/alligator</u>:

- 1. North Carolina Wildlife Profile: American Alligator
- 2. Coexist with Alligators

Limited copies of these documents can be printed and mailed upon request.

Signage

Posting signs next to shorelines can inform residents and tourists that feeding alligators is illegal. To aid law enforcement, NCWRC recommends that the sign include the statute that prohibits feeding alligators (N.C. Gen. Stat. § 113-291.11). Municipalities can request a sign from NCWRC that can be used as a template.

Alligator Education Programs

NCWRC's Wildlife Education Division can assist in developing an alligator education program that is specific to a municipality's needs. NCWRC staff will work with the municipality to schedule a local public information session for citizens that features a presentation by NCWRC staff. Topics can include:

- Biology of alligators and their role in the natural environment
- Alligator Aware: How to stay safe in areas where alligators live
- Habitat management recommendations and alligator exclusion techniques

Nuisance Alligator Response

NC Wildlife Helpline: 1-866-318-2401

Biologists are available Monday – Friday from 8am – 5pm to answer calls from citizens with concerns about wildlife, including alligators. They can also be reached by email: <u>wildlifehelpline@ncwildlife.org</u>. The biologists can provide callers with technical guidance and information about wildlife behavior to help resolve the issue. If they think that the issue may require a site visit, they can also put the caller in touch with the District Biologist in their area.

District Biologists

Each District Biologist covers an area that includes several counties. The District Biologists that cover coastal North Carolina are listed in the table below, along with their contact information and the counties they cover.

For more information about alligator management options, please contact Alicia Davis at (919) 707-4087 or alicia.davis@ncwildlife.org.

District	Counties	Name	Contact
1	Bertie, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare,	Chris	(252) 221-9961
	Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pasquotank,	Turner	(252) 333-5028
	Perquimans, Tyrrell, Washington		chris.turner@ncwildlife.org
2	Beaufort, Carteret, Craven, Duplin, Greene,	Chris Kent	(252) 617-0019
	Jones, Lenoir, New Hanover, Onslow,		christopher.kent@ncwildlife.org
	Pamlico, Pender, Pitt		
4	Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, Cumberland,	John Henry	(910) 874-2725
	Harnett, Hoke, Robeson, Sampson, Scotland	Harrelson	john.harrelson@ncwildlife.org
Coastal Region Supervisor		Evin	(252) 224-0959
		Stanford	(252) 916-2259
			evin.stanford@ncwildlife.org

District Biologists provide information to public and private landholders, including municipalities, and can conduct site visits if needed. If a District Biologist determines that an alligator needs to be relocated, they may issue a depredation permit to the landholder with a Nuisance Alligator Agent (NAA) listed as a second party on the permit. Note that an alligator can only be captured, handled, relocated, or euthanized by NCWRC staff or an authorized NAA. All NAAs—private or jurisdictional—are required to obtain an Endangered Species Permit each year. NAAs may not euthanize an alligator unless prior approval has been granted by NCWRC personnel, and authorization for euthanasia will only be granted if the alligator is suffering from severe injury and survival is unlikely.

Private Nuisance Alligator Agents

A Private NAA is a type of Wildlife Damage Control Agent with a NCWRC-issued Endangered Species Permit that specifically permits them to capture, handle, and/or relocate alligators at the discretion of NCWRC staff. These individuals often work for private wildlife removal companies and charge fees to the landholders for their services. Fee amounts are not regulated by NCWRC. <u>Note that Private NAAs</u> <u>can only capture/handle/relocate an alligator for which a depredation permit has been issued by NCWRC</u> <u>staff, unless it is an emergency situation and verbal authorization has been given by NCWRC staff.</u>

Jurisdictional Nuisance Alligator Agents

Jurisdictional NAAs are individuals that are employed by federal, state, or local governments (typically law enforcement or animal control officers) and possess a NCWRC-issued Endangered Species Permit that specifically allows them to capture, handle, and/or relocate alligators within their local jurisdiction.

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Although they are not required to obtain depredation permits from NCWRC, they are only authorized to capture/handle/relocate alligators in situations that meet certain criteria set by NCWRC and cannot charge fees for their services or operate outside of the jurisdiction listed on their Endangered Species permit, unless situation-specific permission has been granted by NCWRC staff. Jurisdictional NAAs must adhere to all other requirements set in the Nuisance Alligator Agent Program Guidelines, including those that pertain to approved equipment for capture and transport, trapping and trap monitoring, Alligator Data Collection Protocol adherence and data submission (training required), approved release sites, and alligator care during capture, handling, transport, and release. Municipalities with local law enforcement or animal control staff that are interested in becoming Jurisdictional NAAs should contact their local District Biologist or Alicia Davis at (919) 707-4087 for more information.

Local Population Reduction Hunts

The above-mentioned management options are sufficient to address most situations where an alligator is causing a problem, such as a food-conditioned alligator or an alligator blocking traffic. However, resolution of some incidents requires considerable effort. Targeted take of alligators to reduce numbers in areas with frequent alligator conflicts may be more economically and efficiently accomplished by licensed sportsmen and women. Individual sportsmen and women are willing to remove alligators while bearing their own costs out-of-pocket because they realize a personal benefit from taking the alligator.

At their February 2018 meeting, the NCWRC adopted a <u>rule to allow limited take of American alligators</u> (<u>H6</u>). In accordance with the <u>Alligator Management Plan</u>, a local population reduction hunt may be requested by a city (as defined by <u>NCGS § 160A-1(2)</u> and hereinafter referred to as municipality) within Alligator Management Unit 1 (Brunswick, Carteret, Columbus, Craven, Hyde, Jones, New Hanover, Onslow, Pamlico, and Pender counties). NCWRC will then work cooperatively with the municipality to assess alligator numbers, define areas of public safety concern, and identify those areas where alligator take could be safely conducted by hunters. If advisable to promote public safety, the Director may then issue an appropriate number of permits to accomplish the desired take of alligators. NCWRC will retain decision-making authority on the number of take permits issued.

It is recommended that municipalities considering an alligator population reduction hunt first contact NCWRC staff for guidance on the planning process and other alligator management options that are available. Applications shall be submitted by June 1st for a hunt to take place the same year in order to allow sufficient time for surveys and planning.

For more information about alligator management options, please contact Alicia Davis at (919) 707-4087 or alicia.davis@ncwildlife.org.

Submission of Request for Population Reduction Hunt

A municipality that desires to reduce the local alligator population can submit a request to NCWRC for an alligator population reduction hunt (hereafter, hunt). This request shall include:

- The Alligator Population Reduction Hunt application, signed and dated by an authorized municipality representative.
- A detailed description of the reason(s) for requesting a hunt.
- A map of the municipality that contains boundaries of:
 - 1. The municipality.
 - 2. All desired locations (hereafter, hunt areas) in which the municipality desires the hunt to take place.
 - 3. All property parcels within hunt areas. Names of landholders must also be identified for each parcel on the map.
 - 4. Public water boundaries within hunt areas.
 - 5. Properties within the hunt areas that can be used to access public waters for alligator hunting.
- Any restrictions in addition to those listed in the rule regarding the alligator hunting season and manner of take (<u>15A NCAC 10B .0224 AMERICAN ALLIGATOR</u>) that the municipality desires for the hunt.

Site Visits by NCWRC Staff

Municipality representatives will meet on-site with NCWRC staff to become familiar with the proposed hunt areas. NCWRC will conduct subsequent site visits to survey the alligator population and determine the number of alligator hunt permits to issue.

Alligator Hunt Permit Allocation

NCWRC will announce on their website, in a news release, and by email to Wildlife Update subscribers when applications for permits will be accepted from licensed hunters. Permits will be awarded by lottery. NCWRC staff is not responsible for obtaining access to properties for hunting activities by permittees.

The <u>Municipality Application for an Alligator Population Reduction Hunt</u> can be downloaded from NCWRC's website at <u>www.ncwildlife.org/alligator</u> under the Management tab.